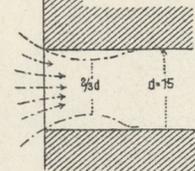
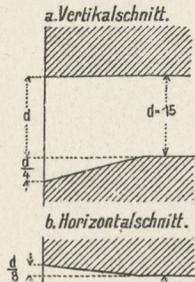


Anlage der Ventilationskanäle in den verschiedenen Deckenkonstruktionen.

1. Querschnittsverengung bei Luftkanaleinmündungen.



2. Vergrößerung der Luftkanaleinmündung.



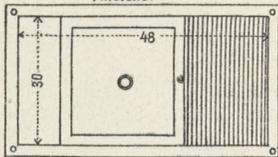
a. Vertikalschnitt.

b. Horizontalschnitt.

9. Ventilationsverschluß

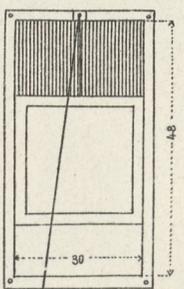
a. horizontal verschiebbar.

Ansicht.

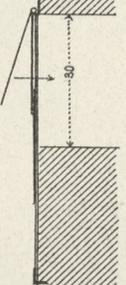


b. vertikal verschiebbar.

Ansicht.

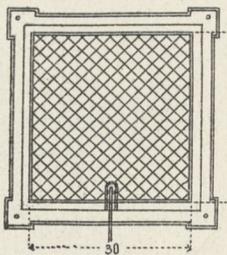


Vertikalschnitt.

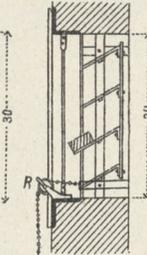


10. Ventilationsjalousie mit Gitter.

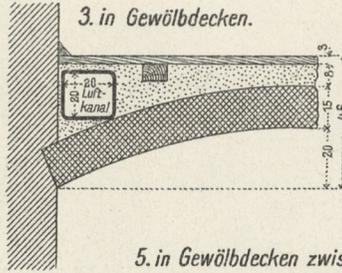
a. Ansicht.



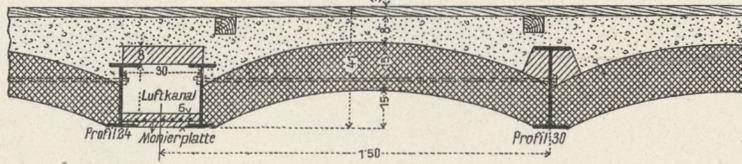
b. Vertikalschnitt.



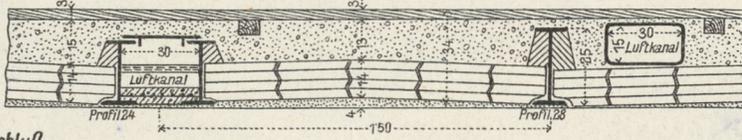
3. in Gewölbedecken.



5. in Gewölbedecken zwischen Eisenträgern.

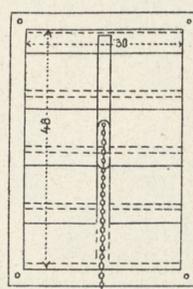


7. in flachen Gewölbedecken.

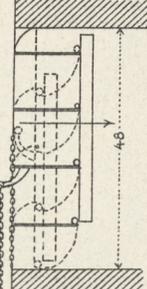


11. Ventilationsjalousie.

a. Ansicht.

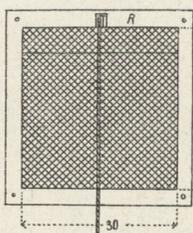


b. Vertikalschnitt.

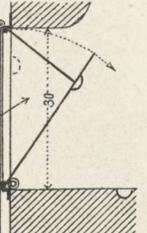


12. Klappenverschluß.

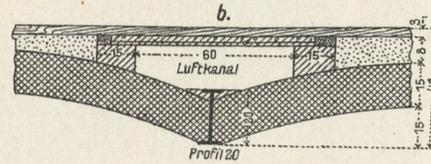
a. Ansicht.



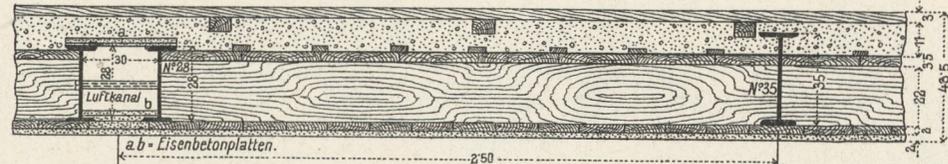
b. Vertikalschnitt.



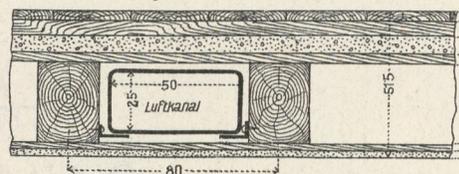
4. in Gewölbedecken zwischen Eisenträgern.



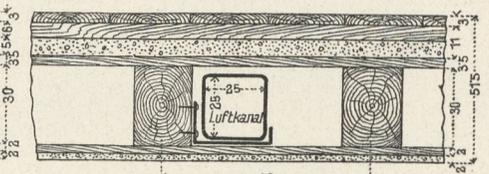
6. in Tramdecken zwischen Eisenträgern.



a. für größeren Querschnitt.

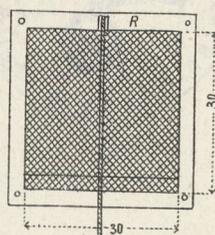


b. für kleineren Querschnitt.

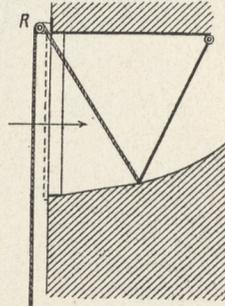


13. Klappenverschluß.

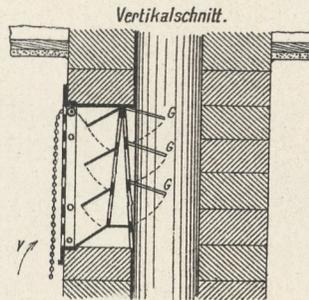
a. Ansicht.



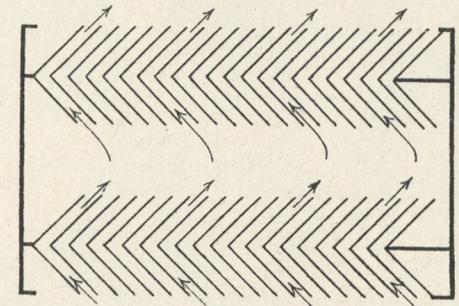
b. Vertikalschnitt.



14. Ventilationsjalousie mit Rückschlagvorrichtung zum Einsetzen im Rauchschlote.

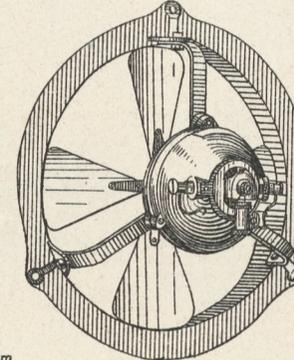


15. Luftfilter im Grundriß schematisch dargestellt.

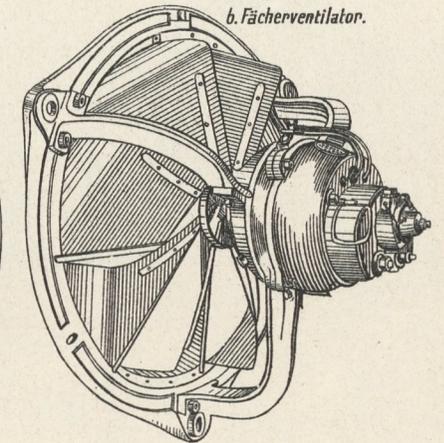


16. Exhaustoren.

a. Blackmon - Ventilator.



b. Fächerventilator.



Maßstab zu Fig. 3-8.

