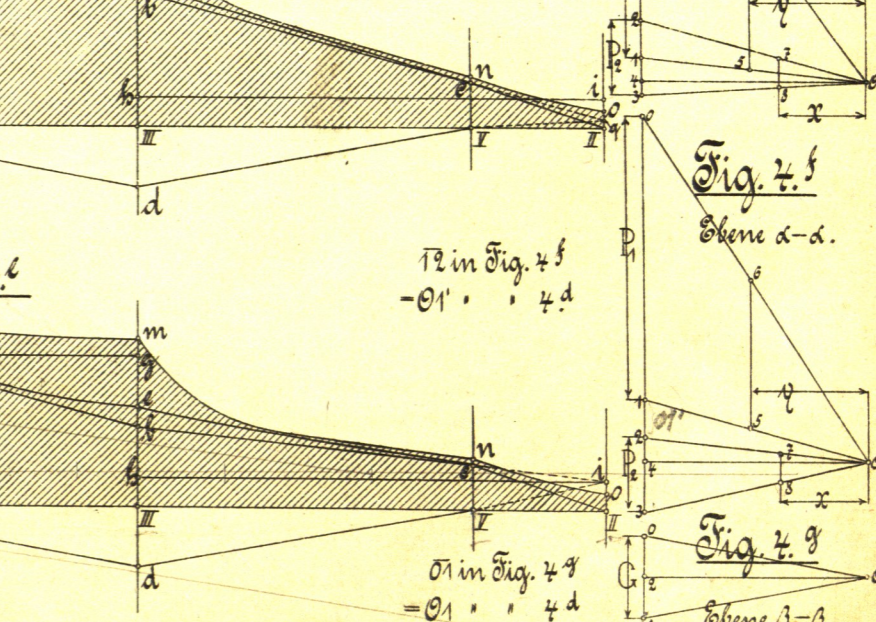
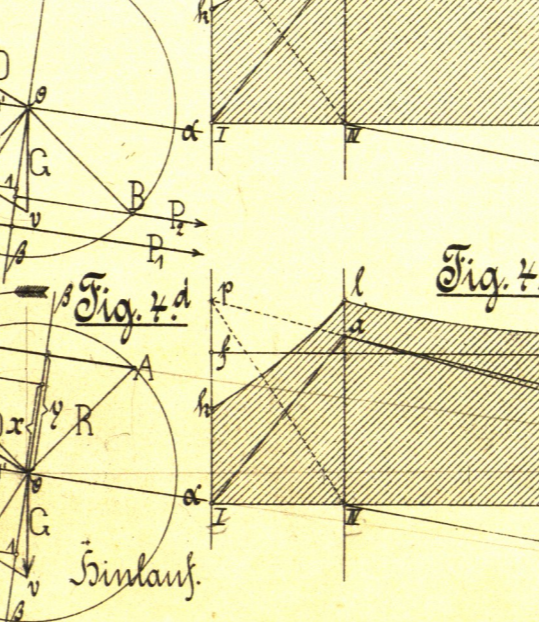
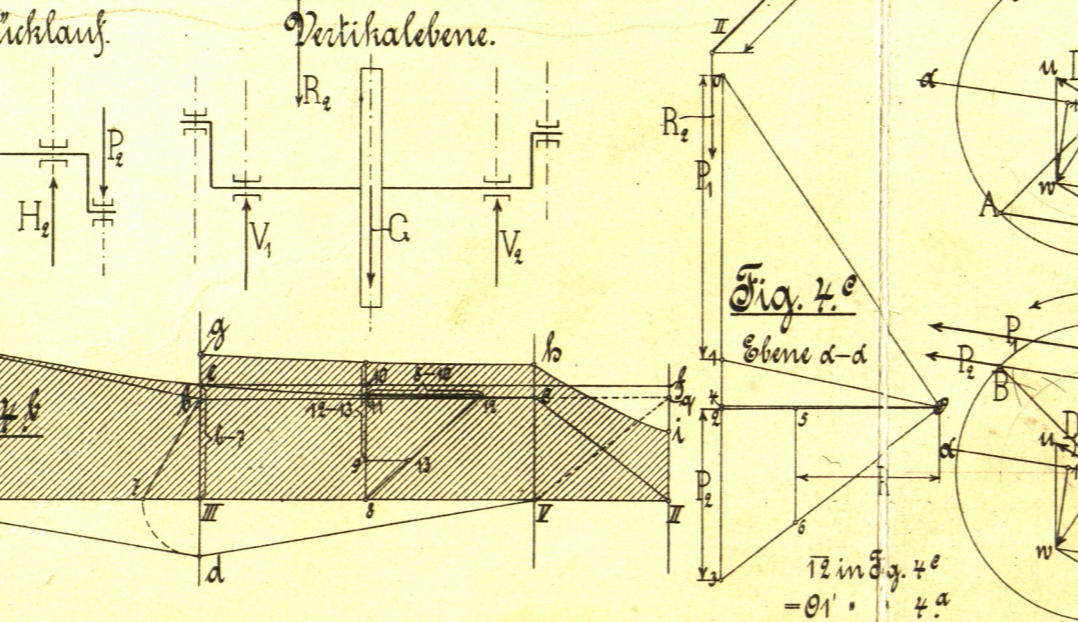
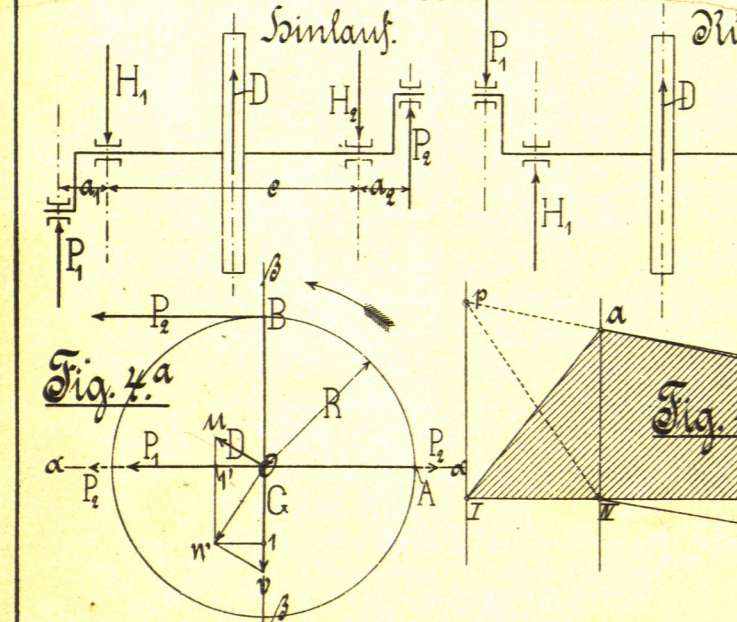
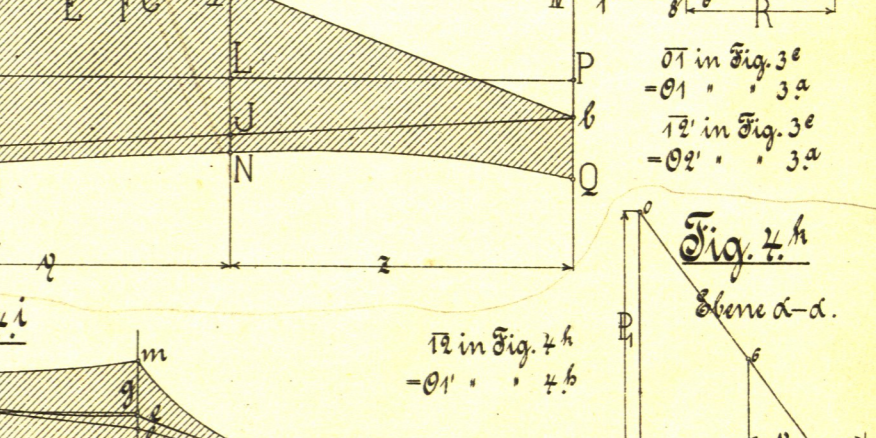
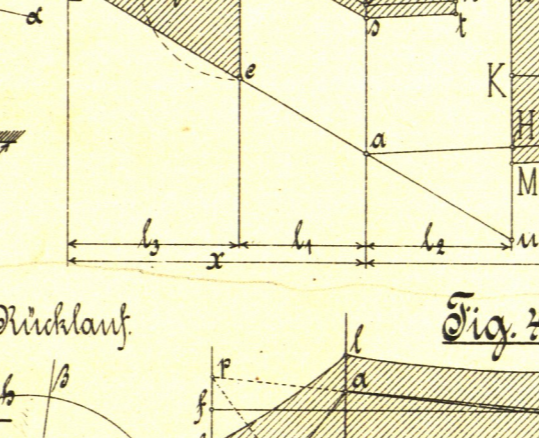
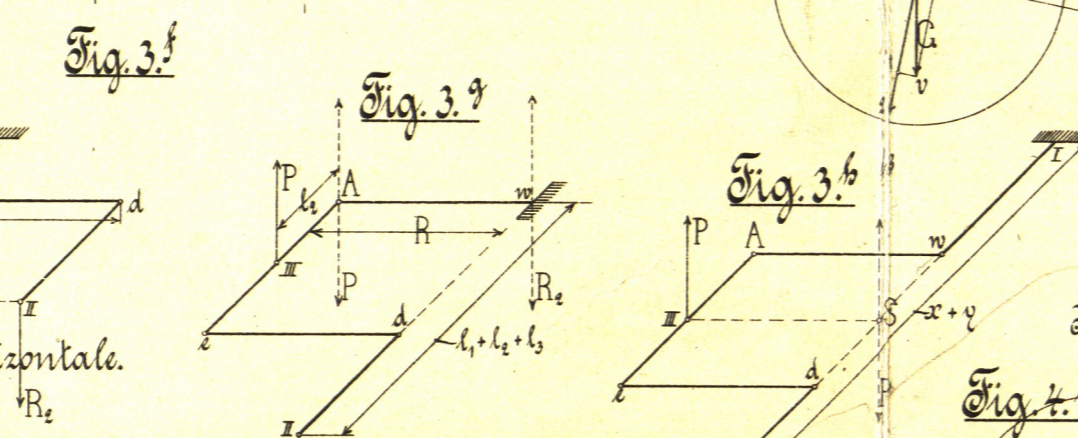
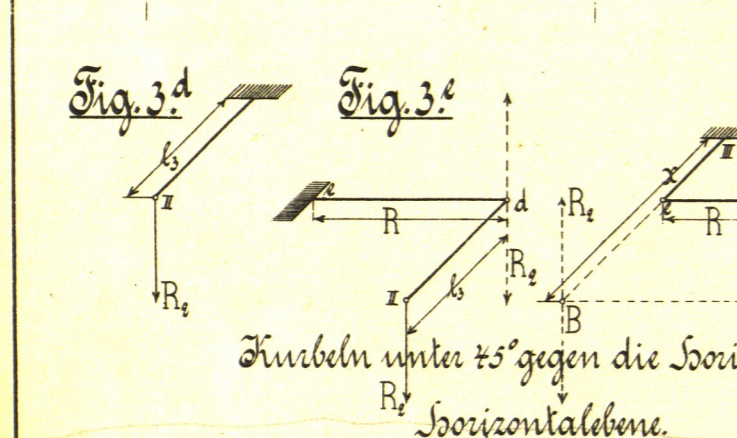
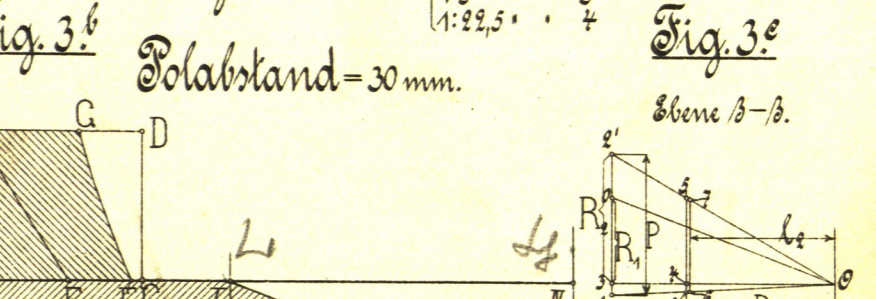
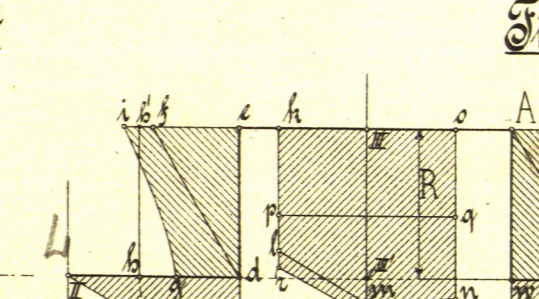
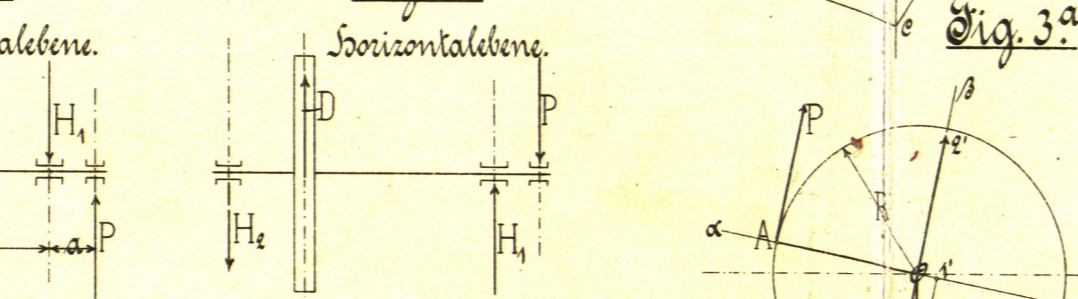
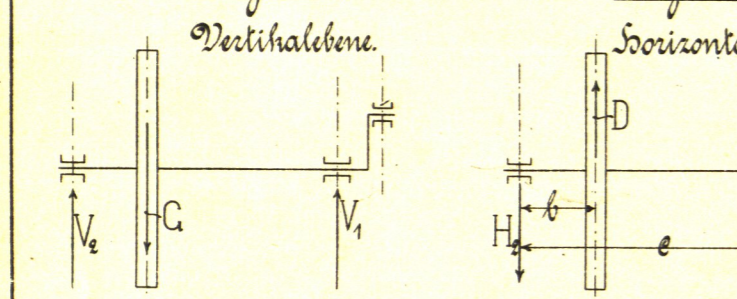
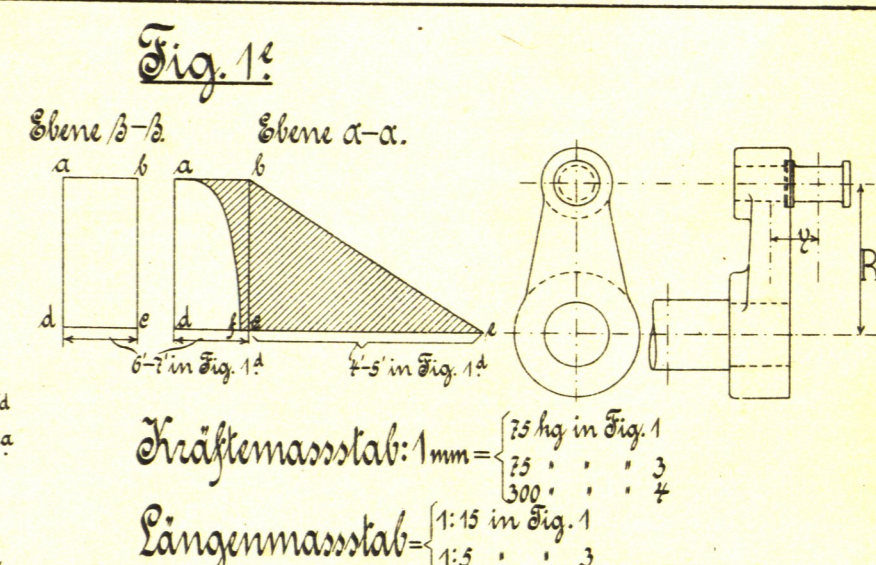
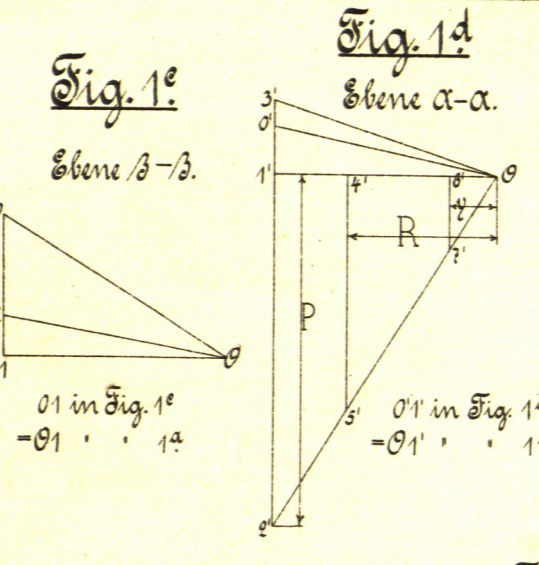
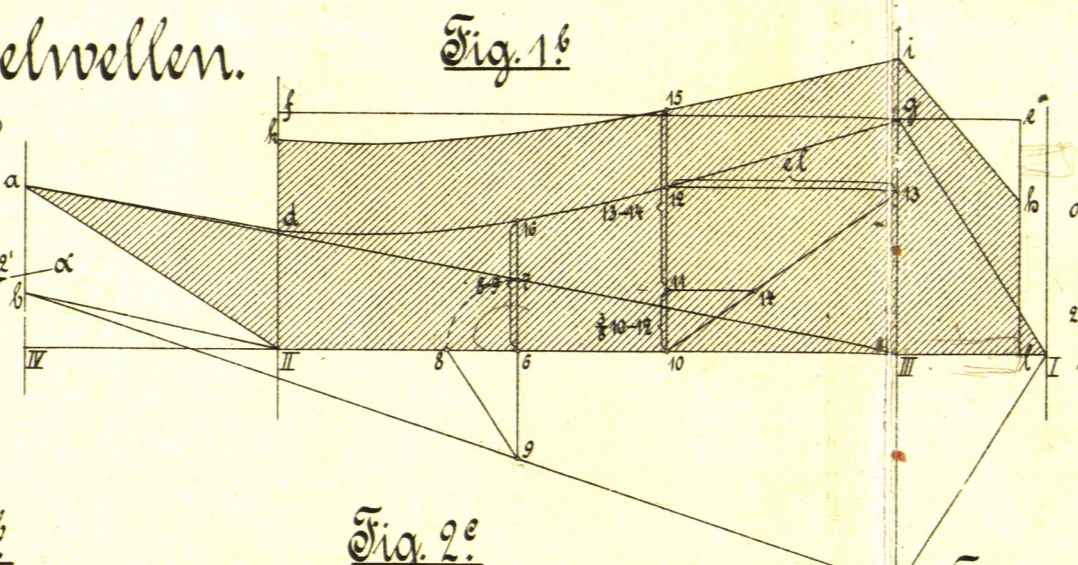
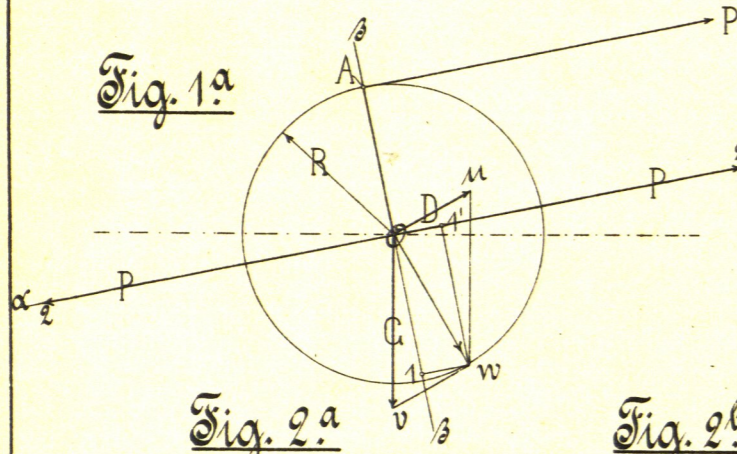


Berechnung der Kurbelwellen.



01 in Fig. 1c
= 01' . . . 1a

01 in Fig. 3c
= 01' . . . 3a
12 in Fig. 3c
= 02' . . . 3a

12 in Fig. 4c
= 01' . . . 4d

01 in Fig. 4d
= 01' . . . 4d

Kräftemassstab: 1 mm = $\begin{cases} 75 \text{ kg in Fig. 1} \\ 25 \text{ : : : 3} \\ 300 \text{ : : : 4} \end{cases}$
Längenmassstab: $\begin{cases} 1:15 \text{ in Fig. 1} \\ 1:5 \text{ : : : 3} \\ 1:22,5 \text{ : : : 4} \end{cases}$
Polabstand = 30 mm.

Fig. 3e
Ebene $\beta-\beta$.

Fig. 4h
Ebene $\alpha-\alpha$.

Fig. 4f
Ebene $\alpha-\alpha$.

Fig. 4g
Ebene $\beta-\beta$.