

### 3.3.3 A Remarkable Expression for the Density

Assume the body to consist of  $n$  layers bounded by surfaces  $S_k$  and  $S_{k+1}$  (Fig. 3.3). The density within each layer is constant, denoted in our case by  $\rho_{k+1}$ .

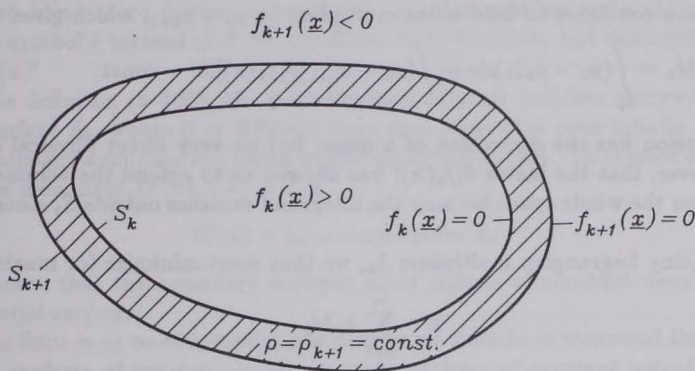


FIGURE 3.3: A layer of constant density ( $\underline{x}$  denotes  $\mathbf{x}$ )

Let the surface  $S_k$  have the equation

$$f_k(\mathbf{x}) = 0 \quad , \quad (3-105)$$

and let  $f_k$  be monotonic with

$$f_k(\mathbf{x}) > 0 \quad \text{inside } S_k \quad (3-106)$$

(otherwise change the sign of  $f_k$ !).

Then the density everywhere within the stratified body can be described by the single expression

$$\rho(\mathbf{x}) = \sum_{k=1}^n (\rho_k - \rho_{k+1}) \theta[f_k(\mathbf{x})] \quad . \quad (3-107)$$

The reader is invited to verify this on the basis of (3-103) and (3-106). Eq. (3-107) holds with the understanding that  $\rho_{n+1} = 0$  since the density is zero outside the boundary surface  $S = S_n$ .

### 3.3.4 Variation of the Potential Energy

Let us find the extremum of the potential energy  $E = E_W$  as given by (3-99):

$$E = \int \left( \frac{1}{2} V + \Phi \right) \rho dv \quad , \quad (3-108)$$

where  $\rho$  is expressed by (3-107); since  $\rho = 0$  outside  $S$ , we may extend the integral formally over the whole space. The *side condition* is that the volume enclosed by